

# Transcribing and Editing *The Mary Hamilton Papers* (c. 1750 - c. 1820)

David Denison, Nuria Yáñez-Bouza  
Tino Oudesluijs, Cassandra Ulph, Christine Wallis



1

## Outline

- 'Unlocking the Mary Hamilton Papers' project
- Edition
- Editing practices
- Research Strands



*Image to Text* (2011-2019) ⇒ *Unlocking the Mary Hamilton Papers* (2019-2022)  
'a window onto eighteenth-century life, literature and language'

2

## Unlocking the Mary Hamilton Papers

Project & Edition

3

## Mary Hamilton Papers (c. 1750 - c. 1820)

- Mary Hamilton (1756-1816): courtier and diarist, nexus of several interlocking royal, aristocratic, literary and artistic circles in late 18C London



### The Archive

- Letters (c. 180 hands), diaries, commonplace books, etc.
- John Rylands Research Institute and Library, Manchester (c. 2,500 items, fully catalogued)
- other 11 libraries/archives in the UK and US; private collections

4

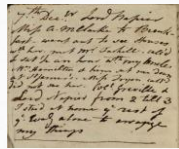
## Mary Hamilton Papers (c. 1750 - c. 1820)

### Correspondence

- c. 1,450 items, c. 60 hands
- diversity of social networks
- digitised and transcribed



c. 800,000 words



### Diaries

- selection of Mary's and her husband's
- inc. draft letters, journal letters
- digitised; transliteration in progress

5

5

## Mary Hamilton Papers (c. 1750 - c. 1820)

### Annotated edition via MDC

- digital images side-by-side with transcriptions
- diplomatic and normalised transcr.

### Manchester Digital Collections



### Linguistic corpus via CQPweb

- part-of-speech & semantic tagging
- search in normalised text
- output in diplomatic text



6

6

## Mary Hamilton Papers (c. 1750 - c. 1820)

### Annotated edition via MDC

- digital images side-by-side with transcriptions
- diplomatic and normalised transcr.

### Linguistic corpus via CQPweb

- part-of-speech & semantic tagging
- search in normalised text
- output in diplomatic text

beta version of corpus in Feb 2022 ⇒ revised version in early 2023

7

7

## Editing practices

8

2



## Research Strands

## Research Questions/Strands

- I. **Social Networks:** What commonalities and differences can be found in the operation and the relevance to reading, letter-writing and everyday language of the social networks around Mary Hamilton?
- II. **Reading Practices:** How can textual traces of reader circulation, reception and response contained in the Hamilton Papers help us to think differently about eighteenth-century Romantic literature?
- III. **Norms and Usage:** What evidence can the Hamilton Papers provide of the influence of language standardisation forces on letter-writing practices during the late Georgian period?
- IV. **Language Structure:** How do the social networks around Hamilton reflect the progress of the wholesale realignment of the English auxiliary verb system in the late Georgian period?

13

14

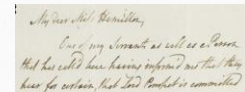
## Strand I: Social networks

- Personography data: biographical, relational (consanguineal, marital, professional, social).
- TEI format allows for multiple fields, integration with MDC and more widely, conversion to other output formats (e.g. Excel).
- Application:
  - **At present:** basic biographical data for individuals as tooltip (c. 1,360 individual xml:ids)
  - **In future:** online personography (electronic person index), mapping of relationships, linking to authority files, linking to documents

## Strand III: Standardisation and 'the art of letter writing'

### Usage (c. 1750 - c. 1820)

- c. 1,450 letters, over ½ million words
- opening ('address formulae') and closing ('subscription formulae')
- other references to the addressee and signatures



*My dear Mr. Hamilton,  
I am very glad to see you well as a Person.  
That has told me having written that that they  
have for certain that I had committed*

### Norms (1650-1800)

- LW manuals (45)
- Grammar books with LW advice (10)
- printed in UK, copy in PDF



15

16

## Strand IV: Language structure

- Categorical and statistical changes in auxiliary system 1750-1820, centred on the syntax, semantics and morphology of *be* (and *be* in alternation with *have* and modals).
- Hamilton Papers a chronologically ideal data source for both 'apparent time' studies by comparison of different generations and longitudinal, 'real-time' studies of individuals: change during the lifetime.
- If sufficient data, will test for link between kinds of social network tie and linguistic stability or change.
- Other strands select most of their crucial data by TEI mark-up added during editing, but this strand requires tagging and parsing of whole edition.

17

17

## Unlocking the Mary Hamilton Papers

<https://www.projects.alc.manchester.ac.uk/maryhamiltonpapers/>



*The Mary Hamilton Papers (c. 1750 - c. 1820)*. Compiled by David Denison, Nuria Yáñez-Bouza, Tino Oudesluijs, Cassandra Ulph, Christine Wallis, Hannah Barker and Sophie Coulombeau, University of Manchester. In progress, 2019-

<https://www.digitalcollections.manchester.ac.uk/collections/maryhamilton>

18