



Deaf people with dementia and their carers: communicating experiences, attitudes and service provision

Being Deaf

- Deaf with a capital 'D'
- 1 in 6 deaf and hard of hearing people
- 50-100,000 Deaf BSL users in the UK
- Linguistic and cultural group

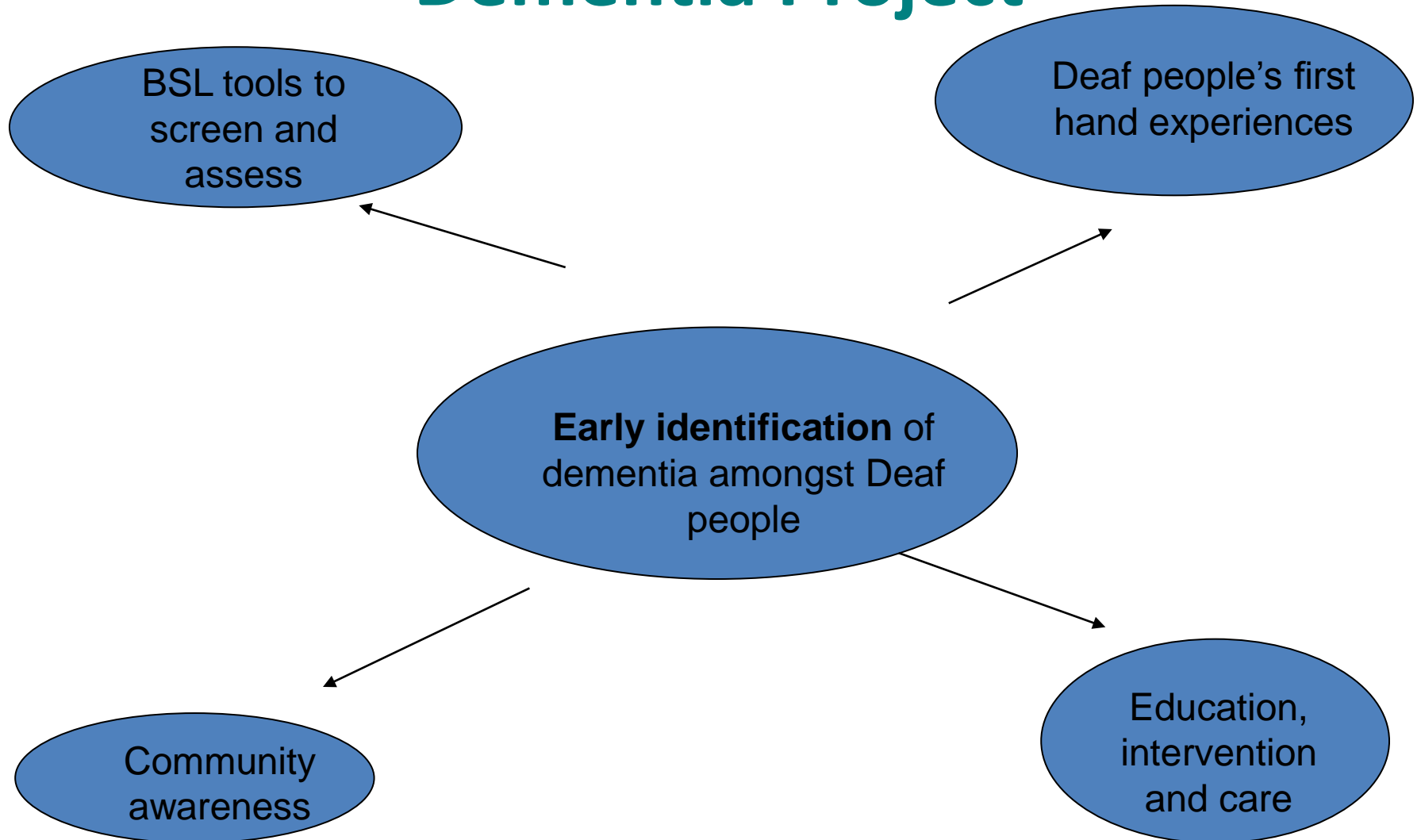
Being Deaf

- Language
- Culture
- Community

BSL Quiz

- Deaf people who use BSL cannot do jury service.
- BSL was only officially recognised as an indigenous language of the British Isles 9 years ago.
- In the late 19th Century sign languages were banned in schools for deaf children.
- BSL displays regional variation and dialect (e.g. it's slightly different in different parts of the UK)
- The grammar of sign languages around the world is more or less the same.

Rationale for Deaf with Dementia Project



The Project Studies

1. Study 1 – Understanding healthy ageing in Deaf people and developing appropriate assessments to help identify dementia
2. Study 2 - Exploring Deaf people's experiences of living with Dementia and their priorities for care and support services
3. Study 3 – Exploring best information and support provision

Focus Groups: Information

- Access to information
- How information is given
- How information is sourced

Focus Groups: Knowledge

- Definition of dementia
- Symptoms of dementia
- Causes of dementia
- Dementia and language (BSL)

Interviews: early observations

- The use of BSL – older generation
- The need for self-autonomy in the community
– tell or don't tell
- The use of DVDs

Interviews: early observations

- Access to health services and professional attitudes
- Access to Alzheimer's Society cafe - comments
- Impact of interviews for carers – both on entry and exit

Impact of the Deaf with Dementia Project

Department of Health

SCIE Dementia Gateway

Alzheimer's Society Training Day

Questions?



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