

Background

- Part of the Project 'Ways of Knowing When Rural and Scientific Epistemologies Meet in Agricultural Development'
- Funded by the Austrian Science Fund Der Wissenschaftsfonds.
- 2 PhD students covering case studies in animal breeding and forestry in Ethiopia and Uganda
- Institutions involved:
 - University of Natural Resources and Life Sciences, Vienna
 - Department for the Social Studies of Science, University of Vienna
 - Institute of Development Studies, Sussex

Development Studies

From Herding to Business

- ANT-based analysis of the modernisation of dairy farming in Western Uganda
- Entry point: farmer-scientist interactions in an animal breeding research project
- Structure:
 - Historical Background
 - Theoretical Framework
 - The farmers' enactment
 - The scientists' enactment
 - Moments of Interaction
 - Questions and Reflections



The Ankole Kingdom



A Pastoralist Livelihood



Settling down





Establishment of a dairy industry







Theoretical Framework



ANT in a nutshell

- 'Disentangling the Social' (Latour)
- Enacted, materially heterogeneous networks, stabilised through 'translation' (Callon, Latour)
- Implications of 'enacting cows' differently: Ontological Politics (Mol)



Changes in Networks and Values











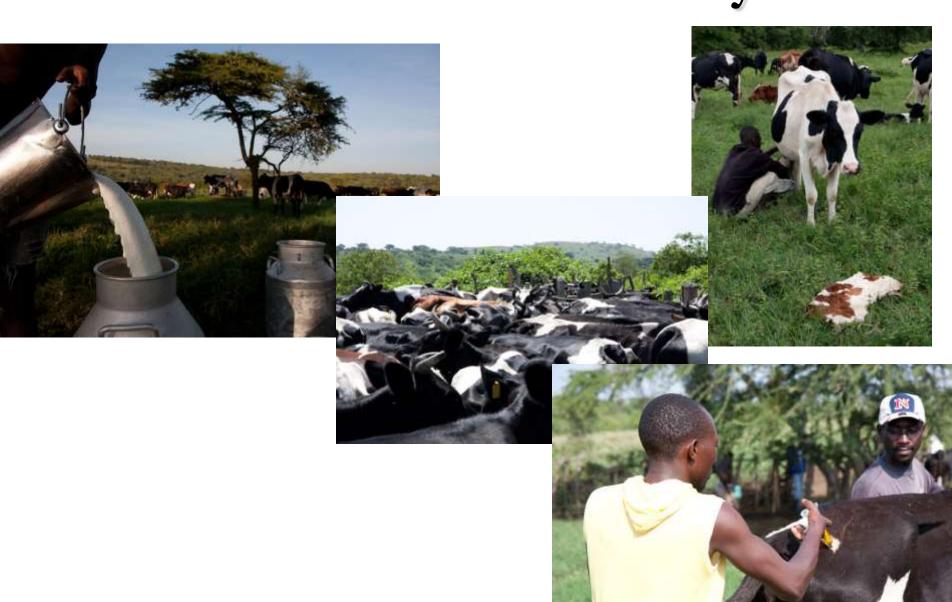
Translating Cross-breeds



People-based Information Storage and Sharing



Network Vulnerability





Enacting Productivity and Control





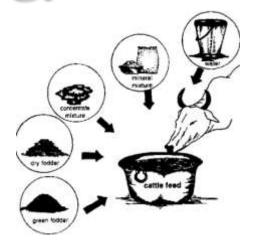




Breed as technology





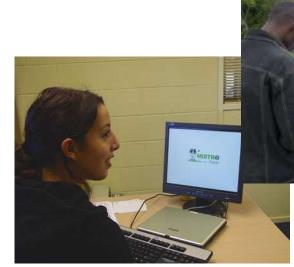




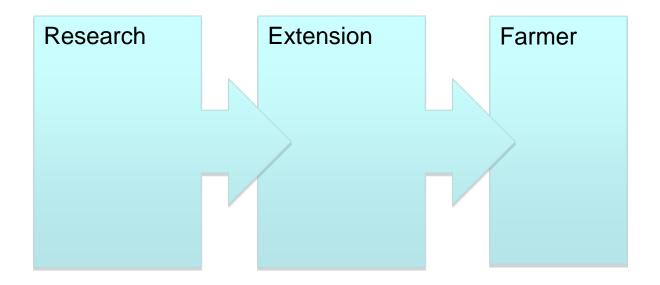
Trust in numbers





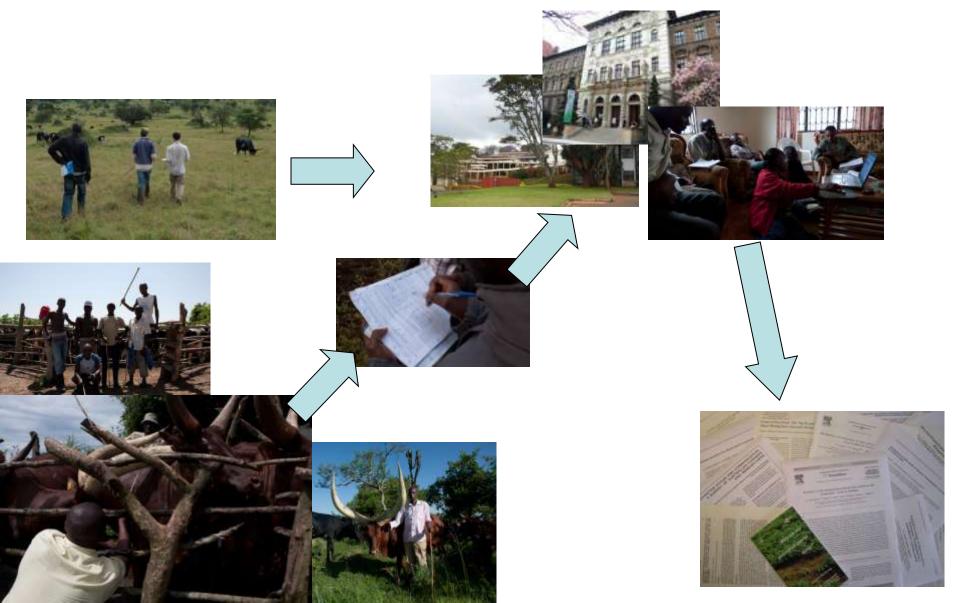


Technology Transfer





Fact Creation and Maintenance



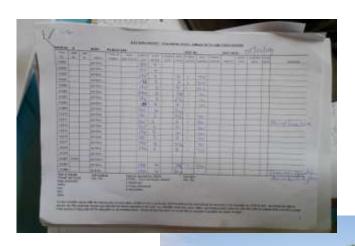
Workshops



Recording







Ontological Politics (Mol 2008) Implications of 'enacting cows'

The Question of Location



What is at stake? Power and Control

- The issue of power. Not addressed, but highly relevant
- Use of findings: scientists as the farmers' spokespersons in spite of themselves
- Power-distribution in technological networks: the case of recording

Are There Options?

- Enacted networks as context-specific
- Not a matter of replacing one network with another
- Need for 'fluid' technologies (De Laet & Mol) to make translation easier

How to choose?

- 'Styles of politics': what roles should farmers and scientists take?
- Need for a more active role for farmers
- The researcher as 'non-modern subject' (De Laet & Mol)

Final Reflections

- Dairy farming/breeding as enactment of networks, addressing multiplicity of problems/solutions to keep them stable
- Tech-transfer not a transfer from lab to field, but a complex set of translations
- ANT/OP open these up to analysis, and lead to re-thinking of roles

Thank you!