### Age-Friendly Cities & Communities: WHO frameworks for Ageing & Health

#### Geoff Green

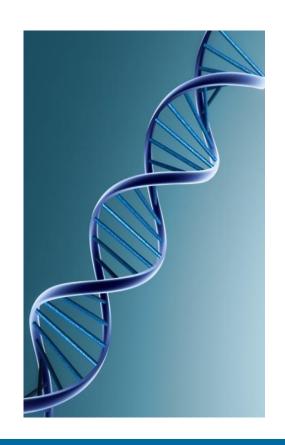
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### Creating Age-Friendly Cities WHO & Manchester

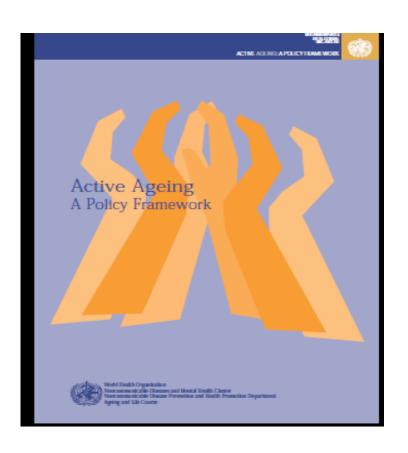
- A 'double helix' of mutual learning
- WHO provides frameworks by synthesising evidence
- The communities of Manchester contribute experience & knowledge







# Ageing: "One of Humanity's Greatest Triumphs"



- Active Ageing report
- WHO Contribution to 2<sup>nd</sup> UN World Assembly; Madrid, April 2002.
- An inspirational new paradigm
- Germinator of Age-Friendly Cities





# "Older people a precious resource"

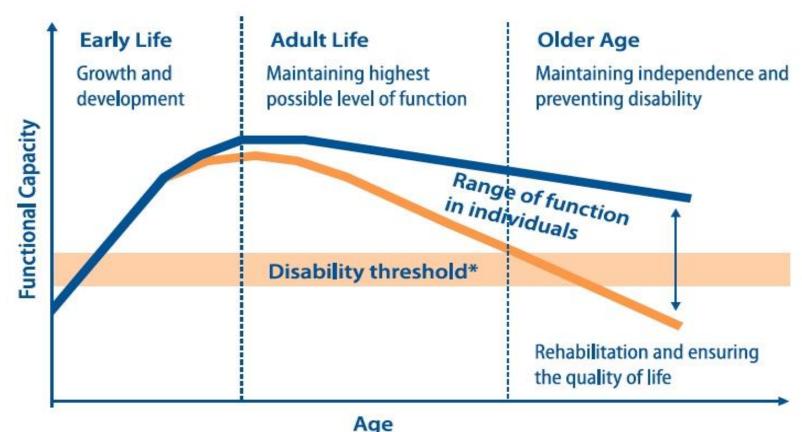


- "An important contribution to the fabric of our society"
- Wisdom, service, care, labour, economy
- And song: Monserrat
   Caballé @ 82 years





### But "Countries can afford to get old if governments .. enact active ageing policies"

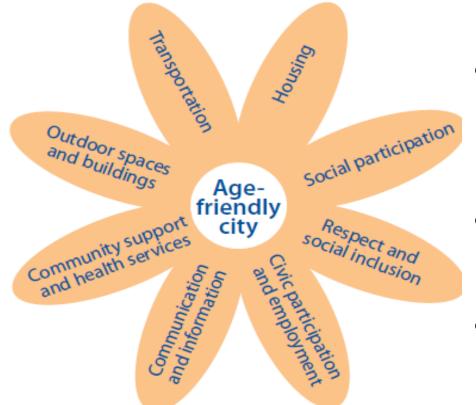


Source: Active ageing. A policy framework. Geneva, World Health Organization, 2002.





### Age-Friendly Cities: the 2007 WHO



initiative

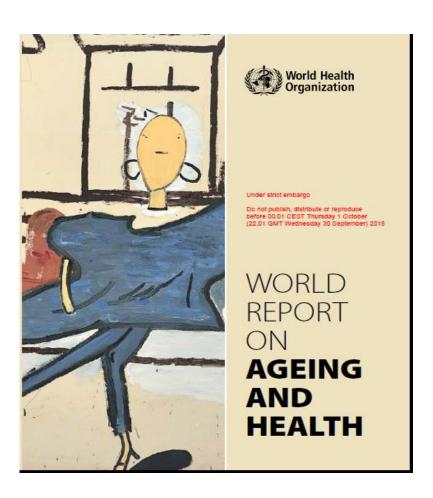
- Inspirational; spreading like wildfire to cities across globe
- Comprehensive: 8 domains or petals
- Petals focus on attributes of an ideal city

Global age-friendly cities: a guide (WHO, Geneva, 2007)





# Ageing & Health Innovative new report from WHO



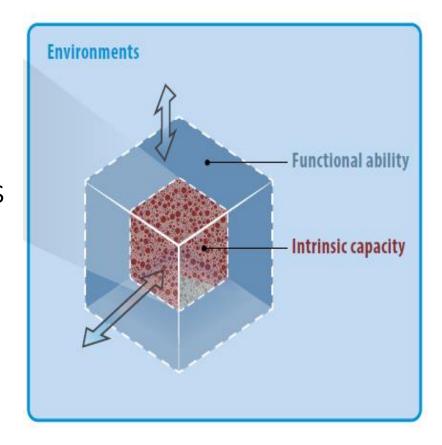
- Published on October 1<sup>st</sup>
   2015
- Updates the framework of the 2002 report on Active Ageing
- Uses the 2007 report by highlighting the importance of social and physical environments.





### Updated framework focusing on functional ability

- Intrinsic capacity an individual's mental and physical health
- Supportive environments
   (a) contribute to health
- (b) contribute to
   Functional ability –
   enabling people to be
   and do what they value



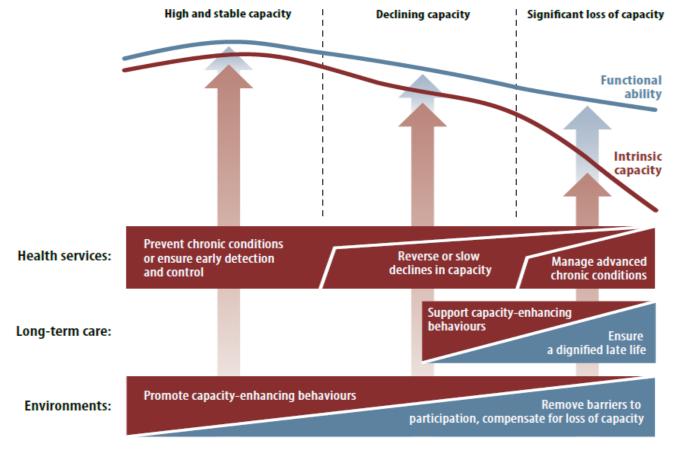




### Functioning over the life-course

### Update of earlier (2002) framework

Fig. 2.4. A public-health framework for *Healthy Ageing:* opportunities for public-health action across the life course

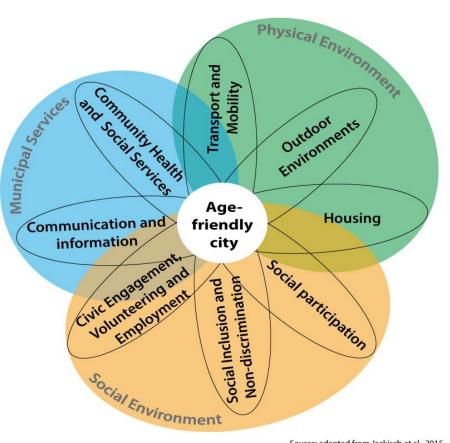






# Three dimensions of an ideal city Supportive environments: two impacts

- Contribute to intrinsic capacity – make older people healthier
- Increase the function of older people of every health status



Source: adapted from Jackisch et.al., 2015. Health Promotion International





### Supportive domestic environments increase functional ability

- For any level of health, supportive domestic environments can allow older people to live better lives
- Traditional responsibility of occupational therapists

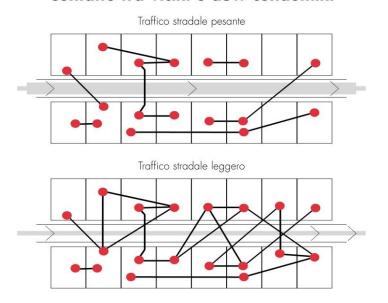






Neighbourly contact v street traffic flows in Milan, Italy

#### Contatto fra vicini e duw condomini



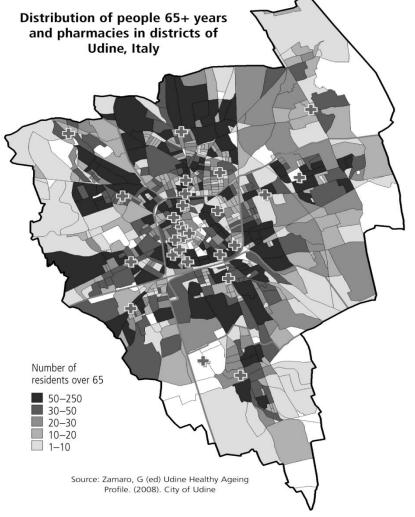


Walkable Streets increase social contact and improve mental health





Udine, Italy: Distribution older people & pharmacies



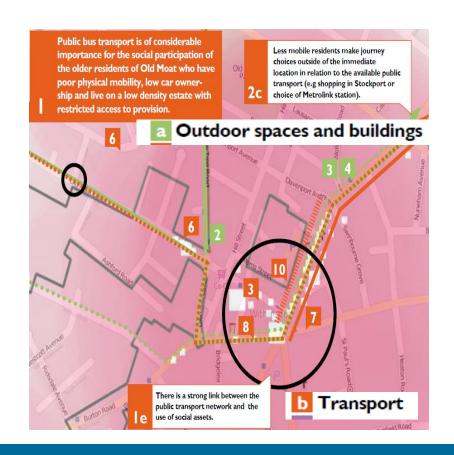
- Udine helped pilot the Vancouver Protocol
- Pharmacies near older people a priority
- Municipality commissioned GIS map
- Mayor used evidence to relocate a pharmacy





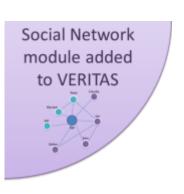
### Manchester, UK: From Vancouver Protocol to Neighbourhood Action Plan

- Citizen-based policy approach
- Residents of Old Moat district assess six petals
- University maps them and advises on an action plan

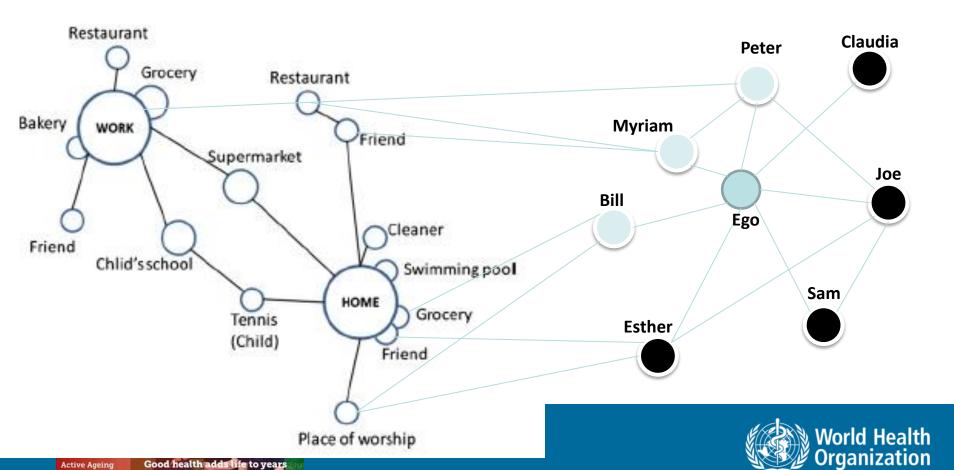








Add social networks to physical environment. Regular destinations – 'With whom'? Yan Kestens. Montreal University



REGIONAL OFFICE FOR Europe

### AGE-FRIENDLY WORLD

adding life to years



#### Age-friendly in Practice - new database is online

Many small steps add up to making communities truly age-friendly. No need to reinvent the wheel if great ideas have already been tested elsewhere. They are shared here: by communities, for communities.







Good health adds life to years

#### WHO role

- Convening power
- Tools, guidance & expertise
- Policy frameworks and mandates
- Synthesis of global evidence
- Actions with European partners

